

CLOSE MANY PLACES FOR LACK OF FUEL

THEATRES, PUBLIC AND PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, CLUB ROOMS AND DANCE HALLS OF CITY MUST CLOSE FOR TWO WEEKS.

AFTER SUNDAY NIGHT

Order Takes Effect Tomorrow Night—High School Will Remain Open Until Wednesday for Semester Examinations.

Janesville, Wis., Feb. 2, 1918. On account of the serious shortage of coal in Janesville, and the impossibility of sufficient immediate relief, it has been deemed absolutely necessary to close the public schools, churches, theatres, moving picture shows, clubs, and dance halls for a short time. This order takes effect as follows:

All grade and parochial schools will be closed beginning Monday morning, for a period of two weeks. The high school will remain open until Wednesday night, on account of examinations, and will then be closed for the balance of the period.

All churches will close their main auditoriums for the same period. All theatres, moving picture houses, club rooms, public and private dance halls will be closed after Sunday night.

JESSE EARLE, Federal Fuel Administrator.

JAMES A. FATHERS, Mayor.

S. M. SMITH, Board of Education.

It was found necessary this morning by the signers of this order to take this drastic action as a means of relieving the present critical shortage of coal in this city. After a careful investigation of the amount of fuel on hand in the city and after much discussion as to remedies for the situation, County Fuel Administrator Jesse Earle, Mayor Fathers, and members of the school board met in a conference this morning and decided that the drastic closing order would have to be made.

Other cities have found it necessary to close their theaters and schools for the same reason and for as long or longer periods of time. Mr. Earle went to Beloit this morning, immediately after the decision, in an attempt to take similar action in that city as soon as the shortage of coal has begun to be felt.

The coal situation in this city, which was admitted to be serious yesterday, and even more serious this morning, and it was quickly seen that hurried action must be taken. Very little soft coal is on hand in the city, and it is not possible to obtain coal in the past week, none could be secured, and so, in order to protect private coal and so, it was decided to stop the use of it for the heating of the theatres, schools, and dance halls. It may be necessary to commandeer their supplies next week so that homes may be kept warm.

It is planned to allow the high school to remain open Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next week, so that the pupils may write their semester examinations. After Wednesday, however, the building will be closed up tight and will not re-open until further notice.

To allow students of the graded schools to pursue their studies during the time which the schools will be closed, the buildings will be kept open for a short time so that the pupils may take home their books. The morning sessions will be called at the usual hour, the pupils will take their books and leave the school immediately.

Janesville the next two weeks will be practically dead as far as any kind of amusements are concerned. Theaters will be closed, the doors to the public houses will be locked. The second annual dancing party of the Acadia club which had been planned for Monday evening has been called off, but will be given at a later date when the situation is improved.

Churches will be allowed to hold their usual services tomorrow, but the following Sunday there will be no service. The churches will be allowed to hold their usual meetings but club rooms must be closed after tomorrow night for the two weeks.

RUSSELL PARKER IS ELIGIBLE FOR WORK

Passes Rigid Examination for Non-Flying Branch of the Aviation Corps—Kenneth Parker Ordered into Service.

Russell Parker, son of Mr. and Mrs. George S. Parker of this city, has passed the rigid tests of the examination for the non-flying branch of the aviation service and will report for active duty within the next six weeks. He spent Thursday and Friday in Chicago undergoing the examination, which was most severe. His brother, Kenneth Parker, who enlisted at the outbreak of the war in the naval reserve, and has been home for a few days, has been ordered to report in Boston Monday morning next for intensive training in the naval aviation corps, having recently passed his examinations for that branch of the service. He will have six weeks' training in the Boston Institute of Technology before going south for actual service.

GERMANS NOW CLAIM REVOLUTION IS THE WORK OF AMERICANS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

London, Feb. 2.—Berlin dispatches detailing an alleged Anglo-American plot to foment revolution in the Central powers, are published by Cologne newspapers, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam. In Washington on New Year's day it was estimated that \$50,000,000 marks were subscribed for this purpose.

The revolutions were to be organized in Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria. The organization was to be under the leadership of Senator Stone, Earl Reading and Viscount Northcliffe. It was to have branches in neutral capitals, surrounding Germany, and German speaking neutrals were to be sent to Germany in an effort to incite the workers in munition factories to strike. The dispatches declare that there was also to be sabotage in the German munitions making industry.

GERMAN ESPIONAGE BOOK IS PRODUCED

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Christiana, Norway, Feb. 2.—An official handbook of German espionage, one of the most remarkable documents of the war, was produced as evidence in the course of the great Bergen spy case, which has just been ended in the courts with the conviction of six of the defendants.

The handbook was found in the safe of Herr Faasche, one of the employees of the so-called German information agency. Its title page bears the inscription "Duties of the Espionist," and it contains, in the words of the court, "the objects and methods of the German" information agency in Scandinavia.

The introduction says that important information can be obtained through the neutral or enemy ships which come to Scandinavian ports, regarding such points as minefields, minebelts, changes in lightships etc. By such information, it explains, "four boats can be shown not only safe routes, but also objects of attack."

She following is a summary of one chapter:

Through shipping only can we get to know the enemy's guardships, where his ships are stationed, knowledge of his cruisers and other vessels. The best source is a ship captain, but they are difficult to obtain. The younger mates are easier to get as their wages are not high. But if neither of these is available, then the likely person on a ship should be approached. Monthly payment of 50 to 600 kroner is available. Captains on English passenger routes are usually paid 800 kroner. Mates are usually paid 100 kroner. Stevedores between England and France, 100 to 125 kroner.

"Much information can be gained from passengers. The importance is shown by the fact that the enemy's agents of maintaining a good connection with representatives of the neutral press.

The hiring of commercial or other persons who travel in the enemy's countries is suggested. "The best person," says the handbook, "are commercial travelers who have been accustomed to travel for some firm, and are not actual continuous employees. Just now also waiters, barmen, metal-workers for shipyards and busmen. They are all good agents for obvious reasons."

The greatest danger is said to be in the sending of information. "But this," says the writer of the handbook, "is reduced to a minimum by the use of a minimum of words. We have prepared means, which owing to the inferiority of the enemy's chemical knowledge, it is unable to detect. The materials are given to the agent in a form which attracts no attention."

One of these methods illustrated in the course of the trial was by means of handkerchiefs, on which the information was conveyed by means of invisible ink.

WARNING IS GIVEN BY FEDERAL BOARD

Washington, Feb. 2.—Another warning to farmers was issued today by the federal farm loan board against sending money to any person or agency claiming to be an organizer of farm loan associations or to sell information on methods for obtaining loans. Farmers can get all the information they desire direct from the board or any of the twelve federal land banks.

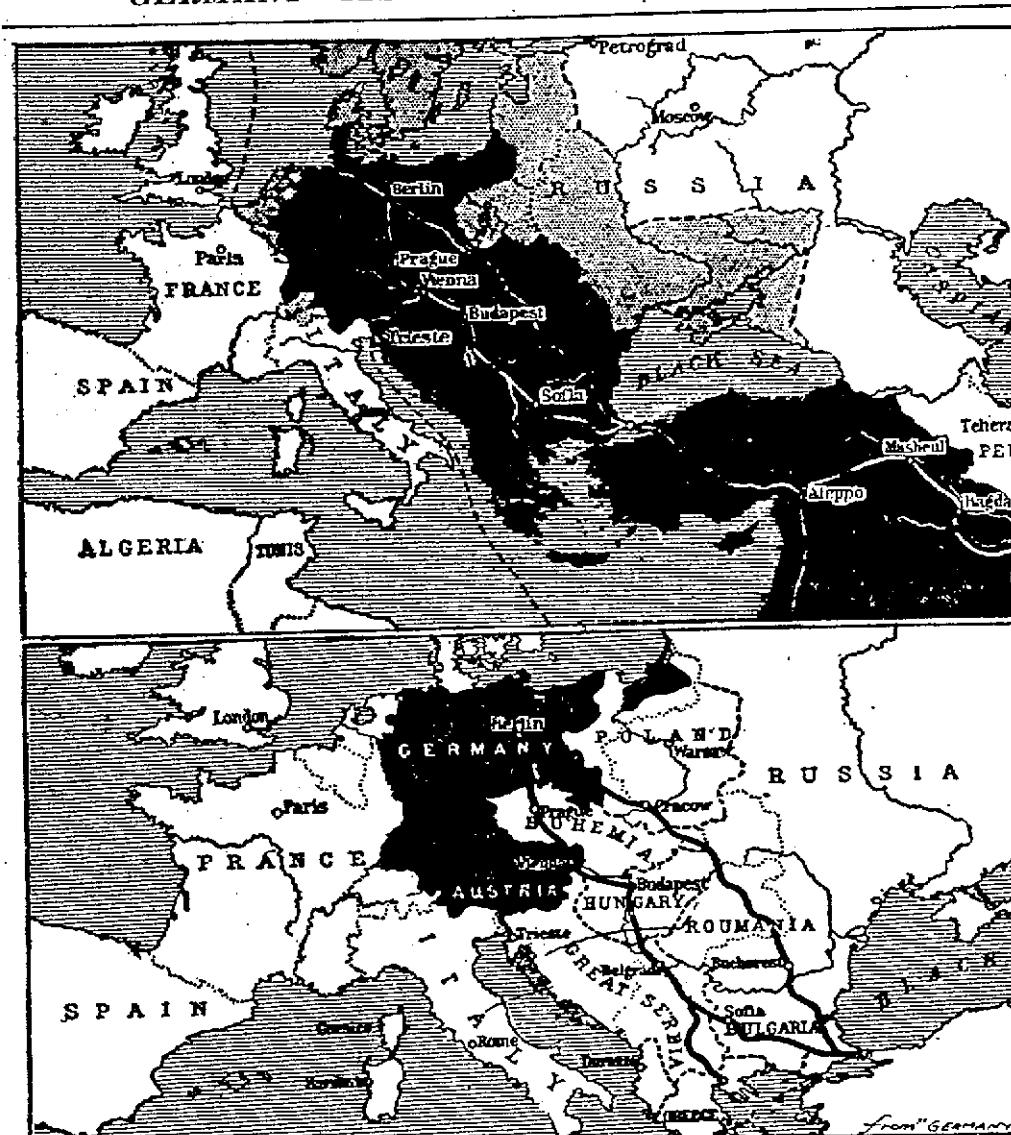
TO TRY FORMER FRENCH PREMIER

Joseph Caillaux, former premier of France, is under arrest awaiting trial on a charge of being a party to spy plots and conspiracies against the government.



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GERMANY—ITS DEFEAT MAP; ITS VICTORY MAP



In "Germany at Bay," a study of the war by Major Haldane Macfall which is being widely read, quoted and praised in England, these two maps are printed, the top one as Germany's victory map, the bottom one as the map of defeated Germany.

FAILURE OF SUBMARINES IS CERTAIN

SIR ERIC GEDDES, FIRST LORD OF THE ENGLISH ADMIRALTY, SAYS THAT "THE SUBMARINE IS HELD."

MEANS OF ENDING WAR

Ship Builders of the United States and Great Britain Will Be Able to Build Sufficient Ships.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

One year of fruitless warfare by German submarines, bring this answer to the question of the future of the submarine. The submarine is held.

Coincident with this announcement, comes the disclosure by a Dutch newspaper that German military and financial leaders expected the U-boat to bring Great Britain to her knees in six months, and end the war. The submarine is held.

Sir Eric Geddes declares he can foresee no change in the situation but for the better. To bring about complete defeat of the U-boat soon is more necessary to have ships and he believes the ship builders of the United States and Great Britain will meet the emergency. The Amsterdam Handelsblad says that bare ruthlessness was decided upon, the German naval and military leaders consulted financiers and business men and it was agreed that the submarine was the only means of defeating Great Britain and making a "firm" peace. Little weight was attached to the opinion that limited U-boat warfare would result in the United States entering the war.

Strikes Continue. Threats and force are being used by German military authorities to crush the strikes. These drastic measures, however, have not ended the strike movement. The censorship is permitting only semi-official statements on the situation to leave Germany, and even these make no claims that the strike has ended.

Pessimism in Berlin. Pessimism is said to exist in Berlin over the outcome of the war. The Berlin press says that the Russians have been encouraged by strike movement to resist Germany's demands. The Bolshevik authorities have broken up a counter-revolutionary plot in favor of General Kaledin, a socialist, and a general strike was called. The plot was killed but the leaders of the plot were killed and the others escaped. Sixty officers and soldiers implicated in the movement were imprisoned. There has been little activity on the fighting front.

CAR SUPPLY EFFECTS CORN MARKET PRICES

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Enlarged supplies of cars on western roads, together with optimism in regard to peace, have given rise to a decline in the price of corn. Compared with a week ago, prices this morning ranged from one-half cent to one-eighth cent advance. Oats showed net losses varying from one to three-eighths cents. Provisions gained 2 to 35 cents.

JOINT STATEMENT

By William G. McAtee, Director General of Railroads.
By Harry A. Garfield, Fuel Administrator of the U. S.

We have had pending since Monday the question of suspending after Monday next the Monday closing order. We have not reached a final conclusion about it. We shall have another conference on Tuesday next, when the question of the Monday closings and of the railroad embargoes up to that time can be fully considered, and shall be able to make an announcement next week as to whether or not the suspension of the Monday closing order may be made.

NEW CHIEF OF STAFF WILL BE APPOINTED

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Feb. 2.—Major General Peyton C. March is slated to become acting chief of staff of the army if General Pershing can spare him from his present duties as chief of expeditionary forces. No reply has been received yet from General Pershing.

SEMESTER EXAMS AT HIGH SCHOOL MONDAY

Schedule of Monday's Examinations Given. Below—Announcement of Tuesday and Wednesday Examinations Will Be Made Monday.

Owing to the closing order, semester examinations will be conducted at the high school Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. All students are urged to note the following times for the various examinations Monday and report for them as usual.

The following examinations will be given Monday morning: First and second periods, English I, B, English II, English IV; third and fourth periods, English I, A, English III, Civics IV; Monday afternoon, fifth and sixth periods, Algebra I, A and B, geometry, trigonometry, and eighth period, Agriculture I, Bookkeeping II, Physics IV. The art class exam will be held at four o'clock.

Examinations on Tuesday and Wednesday will be announced in the Gazette Monday night.

DYNAMITE MURDERER FROM HIDING PLACE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

El Paso, Feb. 2.—After withstanding a siege by more than one hundred city and military policemen, Felipe Alvarez, who late last night shot and dangerously wounded Mrs. Trinidad Ruesca, a woman of small stature, and killed a policeman and a civilian who sought to capture him, was dislodged from his refuge in an out-house in the densely populated Mexican quarter at three o'clock this morning by a charge of dynamite. Four charges of dynamite were exploded before the building was wrecked, and Alvarez body hurled high into the air. Examination of the body disclosed he had received six bullet wounds from policemen and soldiers, who exchanged hundreds of shots with the fugitive.

National Question.

London, Feb. 2.—A national demonstration is being organized in Germany as a protest against the arrest of Herr Dittman, an exchange dispatch from Amsterdam reports. Hugo Haase, a socialist deputy, appealed to Chancellor Von Hertling to obtain the release of Herr Dittman. The chancellor said he was powerless as Berlin was entirely in the hands of the military.

EFFORTS TO GAIN PEACE WERE FALSE

GERMAN EFFORTS TO OBTAIN PEACE WERE ONLY A MASK—A COPY OF LEAFLETS USED IN BERLIN IS SECURED.

SHIP TOLL DECREASES

People Are Urged to Overthrow the Present Control and Band Together to Form a Republic.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

London, Feb. 2.—One of the leaflets which was circulated in Berlin and helped to cause the strike in Germany has been obtained by Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Express. The leaflet called the government's expressed desire for peace only a mask, and declared that the only way to end the misery and the wholesale massacre is to overthrow the present government and establish a republic.

Serious rioting. Serious rioting on Thursday in Spandau where important German war industries are located, is reported in German newspapers, an Exchange dispatch from Amsterdam says. Soldiers were attacked by a mob. A policeman was dragged from his horse and beaten. Four thousand men who have been employed at harbor work, are on strike, the dispatch reports. Strikers cut the railway leading to one of the factories. At Siemensstadt, a suburb of Spandau, tram cars were overturned. A mob stormed a bakery and compelled the proprietor to distribute bread without bread cards.

Under Martial Law. Seven Berlin factories have been placed under martial law and the strikers ordered to resume their work by seven o'clock Monday morning at the latest, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam today. Their failure to return, it is announced, will be punished according to military discipline.

Order Maintained.

Amsterdam, Feb. 2.—Isolated and insignificant excesses in Berlin yesterday are reported in a semi-official statement received here today from the German capital. Work is said to have been resumed at Hamburg and Danzig. For the most part traffic was maintained in orderly manner, the statement adds. Publication of all newspapers has been resumed.

No Serious Proportions. Amsterdam, Feb. 2.—While police and military are preparing for a general strike in Amsterdam on Monday there are indications that the movement probably will not assume serious proportions.

Reichstag to Convene.

London, Feb. 2.—A demand that the German Reichstag be summoned to discuss the strike was made by the Vorwarts in a leading article Friday, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen says. The Berliner Tageblatt, it is added, declares that the civil power will not grant the wish of the socialists and summon the Reichstag, as the radical elements would only be given an opportunity to preach strike propaganda in the parliament.

Amsterdam, Feb. 2.—Berlin evening newspapers just received here state that Wilhelm Dittman, socialist member of the Reichstag, was arrested when he attempted to address a crowd in a suburb of Berlin.

MONSTER AIRPLANE CAMPAIGN PLANNED BY GERMAN LEADERS

Paris, Feb. 2.—To meet the allied aviation program for 1918, which is to be vastly strengthened by American machines and pilots, Germany has adopted an intensive building campaign, specializing on a few standard types, one of which is distinctly different from anything they have used before.

A French aviation officer attached to the intelligence department has stated that German has seized upon the triplane machine for scout work, which the British introduced in aircraft, and that the enemy is bending every effort to produce a fighting single-seater of this type in enormous quantities.

The Sopwith triplanes used by the Royal Flying Corps were highly successful but did not revolutionize aerial fighting as had been hoped, and although many of them were still in use, they were very fast and rapid climbers—the old-style biplane is still considered the standard type by the British. The French have not disclosed any striking novelty in aircraft, yet it is no secret that their new Morane monocoque—a monoplane—is the most wonderful machine ever produced to date by any country, both in point of speed and climbing, and is also capable of acrobatics impossible in a biplane or triplane. The informant inclined to the belief that the Germans hope to find in their triplane the weapon against the new French monoplane.

The German triplane is built by the Fokker concern which produced a monoplane two years ago—the lightest and almost invulnerable machine that wreaked havoc among the French and British squadrons until Nieuport and early model Sopwiths appeared in sufficient numbers to equalize the aerial fighting. The triplane carries two machine guns, both fixed and firing dead ahead through the propeller, like the latest model S. P. A. D. biplanes. The fuselage is covered with very powerful fixed motor operates the Fokker triplane, but French and British experts who have examined the model of the machine inside the British lines recently, believe that it is too heavy for its short wing spread and will fall to live up to German expectations. The extra buoyancy of the triplane permits the armoring, and also gives a certain stability to the machine which biplanes do not possess.

The Albatross type D-3 model, the former fighting machine used by the enemy, has been refined in certain parts to insure a speed of more than 120 miles an hour at 10,000 feet altitude. This is considerably below the best speed attained by either the S. P. A. D. or the Sopwith Camel. The Albatross climbs to 14,000 feet in twenty-four minutes.

But it is in observation machines that the enemy has produced its best new model, according to the French officer. The D. F. W. (Deutsches Flugzeug Werk) is a 200-horse power machine equipped with two Parabellum machine guns, one of which fires through the propeller, the other being mounted aft for the gunner and firing a field of fire circle, with a downward field of fire through a trap in the bottom of the fuselage. The D. F. W. develops wonderful speed for a two-seater machine and can climb fast. Several have been reported appearing on the front and have been themselves very troublesome to the allied pilots. The Rumples-Mercedes and the Rumples-Maybach are two other types of observation machines used by the Germans, deriving their names from their name from the type of engines used. They are not so fast as the D. F. W. and are very difficult to land owing to the awkward weight of the motor which ends to drop down by the nose.

Information reaching the French intelligence office, according to the informant, indicates that the Germans are being scrappier in favor of a new bombing biplane, the Riesen-Flugzeug, which is the future arm for bombardment. The new raider is equipped with two giant motors and each motor operates two propellers, one in the rear and one in advance. Thus the R. F. Z. is a combination pusher and tractor. They are much easier to land than other types, but cause in descending the pilot shuts only the rear ones turning, thus stabilizing the machine. As they are used principally in night fighting, the operation of the advantage is considerable. The motor area placed in separate nacelles, one on either side of the main fuselage, which is constructed to carry a crew of three to five men. Two auto-cannons of one-inch calibre are mounted on the R. F. Z., and it also carries several machine guns.

Further reports from Germany indicate that while there is no lack of gasoline for the machines, the aviation officials are having a hard time obtaining sufficient rubber for their needs in manufacturing machines for the winter campaign. It is reported that 10,000 men are employed in Germany collecting old bits of rubber to be used by the aviation.

GOES TO EUROPE IN Y. M. C. A. WORK

Arthur M. Harris.

This is a new portrait of Arthur M. Harris, of Harris, Forbes & Co., New York bankers, who is on his way to France to direct activities of the Y. M. C. A.

Paris, Feb. 2.—The night passed in today's communication. There was some artillery fighting in the region of Alsace. A raid north of Mortier wood enabled us to bring back prisoners.

French Line Quiet.

London, Feb. 2.—"During the night a party of Liverpool troops successfully raided the enemy's trenches southeast of Arras. The British captured prisoners. The raid was successful. The enemy north of Passchendaele was repulsed."

Water Fills Trenches.

Trenches Have Been Deepened and Improved Since U. S. Troops Have Taken Them Over.

The American army in France, on the French front at one place are only sixty feet from the German line. In another place, a mile or more separates the opposing positions. At this point, however, there are a number of ponds, and neither side apparently desires to occupy the water-covered ground.

U. S. TROOPS STATIONED NEAR HUNS

AMERICAN TROOPS ON THE FRENCH FRONT ARE STATIONED IN TRENCHES BUT SIXTY FEET FROM GERMANS.

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In the marshy ground, the American trenches are in more or less marshy ground, making the use of "duck boards" necessary at all times, when the trench water and mud are frozen. The trenches were shallow when the Americans moved in but since then they have been deepened and improved. In every doubt the soldiers work almost constantly at the pump, keeping out the water which seeps in but the watery conditions are unfavorable for trench rats and few of them are seen.

Artillery Positions. In some places the artillery is on ground higher than the trenches, although a number of our batteries manage to keep "dry feet" most of the time. The enemy artillery in some places is on higher ground than the Americans, and within sight of one of our positions, there is a German observation post overlooking much territory. This has been shelled repeatedly and doubtless been hit on several occasions.

Night Scenes. The scene at night is thrilling and inspiring. On the firing platform the men stand near their rifles, others splash through the trench, sometimes slipping from the duckboard into water above their knees. The rats are out on patrol. If the position is near the enemy line, hardly a word is ever spoken, and when a word is necessary it is spoken with a whisper.

Far away to one side of the position, a white stream shoots up to the sky and breaks into white balls that throw a light as if from powerful electric batteries. The reflection shows wire entanglements, and scrubby bushes on the hills nearby and then the lights die out.

All the while there is the intermittent roar of guns, and the whistle of express trains, as projectiles of different calibres go rushing over the American trenches, seeking a German target. The American soldiers have become so accustomed to such sounds, that now they apparently pay no attention to them. Every now and then the sound of a shell explosion is audible, but most of the time the artillery targets at night are too far back from the trenches for the men to hear the projectiles exploding.

Keep Eyes Open. Every man in the line at all times, has his eyes open for two kinds of danger. One is the gas attack, and the other is the first means of apoplexy. The first means apoplexy is gas, and the other calls for a barrage, and the green light to the men in the lines means action. They know their lives often depend upon the speed in which gas masks are adjusted after the alarm is given.

During the last few days there has been no aerial activity because of the fog, but during the clear days preceding the bad weather, the men in the lines witness many thrilling fights in the air. A German aeroplane coming over a considerable height on observation trips, would be shelled vigorously as they came within range. Usually they fly in groups of three, and the machine gunners shoot first, and ask questions afterwards.

See Plane Drop. On at least one occasion, the men have seen a German plane come down. It fell within the German lines, and cheers and yells arose from one end of the line to the other. The American line is bathed in white fog. The American line is bathed in white fog. The American line is bathed in white fog.

Food apparently is well satisfied with the food. Two meals a day are always served and sometimes three. For breakfast the men frequently get a large bowl of oatmeal with a principle dish, while at dinner there is beef or some other meat and vegetables. Supper sometimes brings corned beef hash, or canned salmon. There is always good white bread made from American flour and plenty of it.

Noted Visitors. Captain Boyd Amundson, the Norwegian explorer, and Captain Oberdyke, of the Swiss general staff, are visiting the American army zone. Captain Amundson is with the department for the purpose of obtaining information concerning the American expedition to the north of the Alps. Captain Oberdyke will remain for a week visiting all points in the zone. Shrapnel helmets were issued to all clerks and other employees for their protection during the air raid.

Told Trenches. London, Feb. 2.—"During the night a party of Liverpool troops successfully raided the enemy's trenches southeast of Arras. The British captured prisoners. The raid was successful. The enemy north of Passchendaele was repulsed."

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DELANVAN IS VICTOR OVER LOCAL FIVE BY SCORE OF 22 TO 11

High School Team is Defeated in Second Game of the Season at Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium Last Evening.

Staging a whirlwind comeback offensive in the second half, Delavan high school defeated the local high school team at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium last evening before a large crowd by the score of 22 to 11. With the score standing 9 to 8 in favor of the winners at the start of the second period, the locals seemed to lose their drive and were outclassed in all departments until the end of the game.

Both teams played rugged basketball throughout, but on the defense the Delavan team was much more successful than the winners in the first period of play, which should have added counters to their score. Whether it was the nervousness or excitement of the game which caused the highs to drop the ball is unknown. Time after time, after carrying the ball down the floor by good team work, it would be lost in the vicinity of the goal by one of the players dropping the ball. The passing of both teams was also very poor and inaccurate.

The contest was close throughout the first half and was anyone's victory. The locals worked hard to gain a lead, which would give them a victory, but the close guarding of the winners kept the Delavan team from doing so. The Delavan team, however, outwitted the locals, man for man, and the small size of the playing court enabled them to use it to good advantage.

The Delavan team showed the lack of scrimmage drill as their playing was ragged and listless. Most of the Delavan were bandaged on their arms to cover vaccinations which had just healed.

Hurdles led the scoring for the winners with three baskets in the second half. His playing in the final period was responsible for the victory and the Delavan team's lack of defense. The Delavan team, however, kept the Janesville forwards far away from the baskets. Davis, left forward for Delavan, was taken from the game in the second half with a sprained ankle.

The baskets made by Janesville were few and far between, only three being made in the first half and one in the second. Spradling had eleven attempts at free throws but made only three.

The game was played in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, due to the order of the local administrator, which prevented the heating of the high school gymnasium for the game. A large crowd of high school students and other fans were on hand to witness the game. The lineups follow:

**HEAVYWEIGHT FANS
BELIEVE IN FULTON**

[BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS.]
New York, Feb. 2.—Not since the days just preceding the famous bout at Reno, when black Jack Johnson lifted the heavyweight boxing title from the white boy of James J. Jeffries, has there been so much interest in the heavyweight division of pugilism.

It is all Fred Fulton's fault. The giant difficulties coming up in Fulton's match, his sterling worth at times in other bouts, and his willingness to fight anyone who claims he is able to hold a pair of gloves in front of a left hander have kept the long, lanky plasterer in the public prints, and that's what has stirred up the interest.

There is an actual demand for a bout to decide the world's championship now. Fight fans are clamoring for it. There is more argument over whether Fulton really possesses nerve or whether his left hand is really as effective as Wilkes' as there is over whether the Kaiser's U-boats are built faster than they are destroyed. Even the match between Jack Johnson and Jess Willard, when it was generally supposed the public was just aching for some one to come along and crush the big black, didn't create the interest that is hanging on this match.

Willard deserves none of the credit. It remained for the public to pay its dollars merely to see him perform the job he would be vacant. Fulton is the popular man of the two just now, and the public would go to see the match because it believes a suitable opponent has been found for the big Kansan.

Promoters are letting the match alone for some unaccountable reason. The match will net the biggest sum ever recorded at a championship bout, and it is finally held—provided some one doesn't come along and knock the champion out of the Minnesota challenge.

Johnny Leonard's popularity is waning. The little lightweight champion is fast off the promising lightweights, but there are no others. Consequently, public interest has been turned to some other quarter until the challenger looks up who seems worthy of a crack at the grand little fighting man who now holds the title.

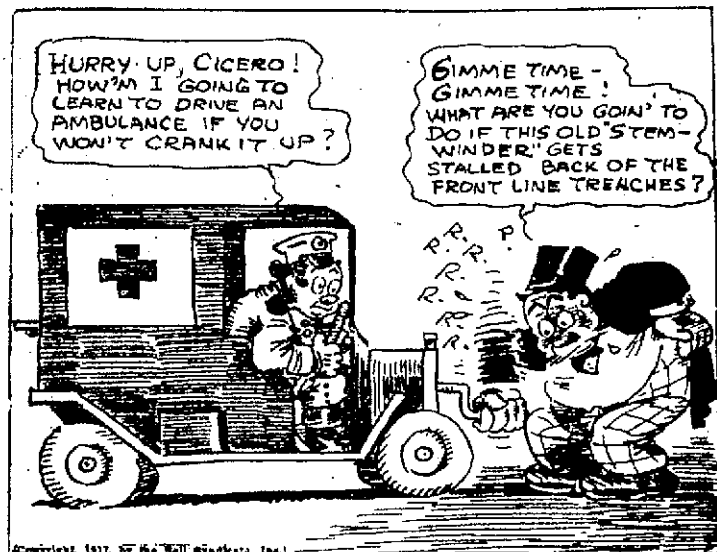
John McGraw's action in naming Al Fletcher as his team captain is not to mean in New York that Larry Doyle is not expected to be re-elected on second base in the coming year, or that McGraw has doubts that Larry can fully come back, at his rate.

Store Closed Monday
On Account of Fuel Order

T. J. ZIEGLER CLOTHING CO.
JOS. M. CONNORS, Mgr.

The Home of John B. Stetson Hats, Wilson Shirts, Lewis Underwear, Malloy Cravensetts Hats, Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

MR. WAD THOUGHT THE MRS. DIDN'T EXACTLY UNDERSTAND.



WEST SIDE CHAMPS ISSUE CHALLENGE TO ANY FIVE

The champion West Side bowling team wishes to challenge any other five to a match game to be rolled on the West Side alleys. In a match with a Beloit squad last evening they took a victory by a margin of thirty-six pins. The game featured by high scores and big averages. Mead of this city and Swanson of Beloit split high honors with 257 each. The scores:

Swanson	165	257	165
Rosenthal	144	226	155
Lynch	183	202	187
Geslisa	174	192	195
Hilderman	221	187	184
Totals	899	987	1022-2908

Undeclared West Side Team.

Grove	171	281	182
Trieoff	191	180	192
Reed	182	190	237
Orban	183	164	191
Robbins	167	212	200
Totals	899	987	1022-2908

Goodman vs. Jones Dye.

Tom Goodman's five rolled a victory over Jones Dye's in a match game, also by a margin of thirty-six pins. Lee with 201, was high man. The scores:

Benwitz	133	189	142
Otto	144	177	175
Bingham	120	183	119
Siegel	163	150	194
Newell	143	169	167
Totals	703	747	797-2247

Tom Goodman's Team.

Lee	138	201	135
Francis	144	108	146
Goodman, Capt.	176	187	155
Reed	182	190	237
Beekstein	163	162	169
Totals	744	795	744-2283

CLEVELAND ADDS NEW BOXING SHOW RULE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Cleveland, Feb. 2.—Clubs desiring permits to conduct boxing shows in Cleveland henceforth must accompany their application with a certified check for \$1500. The boxing commission decided on this stipulation, necessary for the protection of the sport and to safeguard the commission itself.

The rule, while not affecting the larger clubs, will prove a barrier to the smaller ones. The purpose of conducting boxing entertainment. The commission also decided that all forfeits for weights and appearance must be paid in full at the time of the fight, and that the weighing in must be done under the supervision of the city sealer.

ATHLETIC CARNIVAL PLAN AS A BENEFIT

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
St. Louis, Feb. 2.—The date of the athletic carnival for the benefit of the soldiers' and sailors' fund, which is to be held here, has been set for Feb. 23 to March 2.

The carnival will cover many more events than any game staged at this city in previous years. In addition to the races and relays, basketball, wrestling, boxing, gymnastics, fencing, and military drills are to be included.

NEW "CHICK" HARLEY WILL GO TO OHIO U.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Cleveland, Feb. 2.—Cleveland is planning on sending a new "Chick" Harley, all-American halfback, to Ohio state university. He is Frank Civiletti, a Central high school athlete, said to be the best all-around star ever developed in Cleveland. He made his reputation in football last season.

Dinner Stories

Through the sudden starting of a tramcar in Liverpool a young lady sat down on the knees of a naval officer. She hastily apologized, laying emphasis on the assertion that it was a pure accident. Whereupon an elderly gentleman said: "You've done what the Kaiser couldn't—sat upon the British navy!"

A club of eccentric young men had for one of their rules that on Tuesday evenings any man who asked a question in the clubroom which he was unable to answer himself should pay a fine of ten shillings. The following Thompson asked the following: "Why doesn't a ground squirrel leave any dirt round the top of his hole when he digs it?"

After some deliberation he was called on to answer his own question. "That's easy," said he. "The squirrel starts at the bottom and digs up."

"All very nice," suggested a member, "but how does it get to the bottom?"

"Well," answered Thompson, "that's your question."

The other day a blacksmith was arguing with a gardener as to which was the first trade in the world.

The gardener said it was gardening, and quoted from Genesis: "Adam was put into the Garden of Eden to till it."

"Ah!" said the blacksmith who had stuck up for his trade, "who made the spades?"

Frank Baker of the Yankees is one of the few players now in the game who can boast of a batting average above .300 for his several seasons in the American league.

SIDE LIGHTS on the CIRCUS BUSINESS

By D. W. WATT
Former Manager Burr Robbins and Later Treasurer of Adam Forepaugh Circuses.

It was in the spring of 1884 that the Adam Forepaugh show organized and had the largest hippodrome that was ever seen up to that time. In fact, the show was so much larger than the ones that had been before that it was impossible to tell exactly how many people would be needed so far as working men were concerned to put up the canvas, which was larger than any they had ever handled before.

The big top was 135 feet round the top with 560 feet middle pieces and when it was all up in shape on the lot in Philadelphia it really looked as though we could put a small city in the Hippodrome. We also put up "Custer's Last Battle" with seventy-five soldiers and fifty-six Indians.

There were 122 people to be paid on the first pay day, and when I looked ahead to the two pay days, one on Wednesday and the other on Saturday, I said to myself, in addition to selling the tickets and the show, I had to pay off all the people on those two days. When Adam Forepaugh came out to count up the house in the afternoon I said to him, "God bless you, you are a real showman."

He said, "Oh yes, after you have had two or three pay days it will get easy enough and you will not mind the extra people. I told him that it did not look good to me and that I supposed death would come easy enough after you got used to it."

The old gentleman looked over his glasses, smiled and said, "Dave, if you die in the attempt I will have to get another man."

Our first move, for a two weeks' engagement was in Wisconsin. Then we moved to Chicago. We had to send back to winter quarters after another car to accommodate the people. After we were comfortably settled and on the road Adam Forepaugh proved to be right, for the added work seemed to get as easy as it did the season before, and this season proved to be one of the best of the history of the show. The next move was to Chicago, where we had our show on the corner of State and Twenty-second streets for two weeks to a turn away business almost every afternoon and night. While we were showing there a number of business men from Waterloo, Ia., came to us and made a contract for the show to exhibit there on a certain date. They showed the show lot license and billboard. It was only a day or two later that four or five other business men from Waterloo came and tried to get the show there on a different lot. Waterloo is located something like Janesville with the river dividing the city, and as there was strife between the two sides of the river, this explained the reason why the business men all wanted to make the first contract. When the second bunch of business men found out that the show had already contracted to show on the other side of the river they all took it good-naturedly and Waterloo proved to be one of the banner towns of the season. It was that season that in Waterloo, St. Paul and Minneapolis there was a difference of \$23.75 in all three cities. In both St. Paul and Minneapolis three performances were given—forenoon, afternoon and evening. At the time Waterloo had scarcely more than 10,000 inhabitants and the excursion trains brought thousands of people from the surrounding towns. This was always good news to the ticket seller, for the more excursion tickets that were sold at the different railroad offices made just that much work for us. The show closed that season at Norristown, Pa., only thirty miles from Philadelphia, but yet the business was held up until the closing date.

The following letter has been received from the Shipp & Feltus show, which is touring South America, and has been for the past two years. Shipp and Feltus are old friends of mine, with whom I tramped back in the 80's, and it is therefore more than interesting to me and it may be to the reader. Mrs. Ed. Shipp was Julia Lewanda and her first appearance was a bareback rider in the early 80's. At that time Julia traveled with her mother, and in fact did up to the time she married Ed Shipp, which was along in the early 90's. Mrs. Shipp's last appearance in Janesville was with the Ringling show some six or seven years ago, and at that time their only daughter, some 19 years of age, had just graduated and was traveling with them on a short vacation. Thousands of their friends in this country will be pleased to learn of the success they are having in that far south country.

The Shipp & Feltus circus, now touring South America, will conclude the second year of the present tour on February 9. Just two years ago on that date the show gave its first performance at Port Limon, Costa Rica, and it has been playing the big capital of South America, Buenos Aires.

The present tour has extended through Central America, Panama and all the way down the west coast, touching all the principal cities of Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia and Chile, then across the Andes Mountains into the Argentine republic. Playing across Argentina the show entered the state of Rio Grande in Brazil, which lies at the extreme south of this great country; then south through Uruguay to its capital, Montevideo, and then Buenos Aires. In this wonderful city of over three and a half million people, Shipp & Feltus have scored a decided success. The big, new Hippodrome at Corrientes and Pellegrini, in the heart of the business center, was built especially for circus use, and its completion was hurried along in order that it might be dedicated to this North American organization, which

has so firmly established itself in all Latin-America.

According to clippings at hand the opening in Buenos Aires was an innovation. "The reception given the company," says the Buenos Aires Herald, "was indeed flattering, both to artists and management. The big crowd went away fully satisfied, placing their stamp of approval on Shipp & Feltus circus in a manner that will make everybody in town want to go."

The Standard was even louder in its praise, saying: "The evening performance of the Shipp & Feltus circus last night was, to say it short, a revelation. The large audience, while expecting something extra, was more than surprised at the magnificent turnout. It is far and away the best circus performance ever seen in Buenos Aires."

If all plans carry, the present tour will last nearly another year and a half, bringing them home to the United States in the spring of 1919, and thereby concluding what will probably be the longest consecutive tour ever made by the North American Circus company.

The following letter of thanks to the Barium & Bailey folks has been received from Gunner J. Warren.

brother of F. Siegrist Warren, from "Somewhere in England." We are publishing it just the way it was written:

"Dear Friends—Just a small note thanking you very much for the kindness in sending me the parcel. I am very pleased indeed to know that I have such kind friends who are so far away. Dear friends, I am very sorry to say that I did not get the parcel. You see I was wounded on the 21st of July. As soon as I was wounded they sent me to a base hospital and then over to 'Dear old England.' That's how it was I missed it. But still I am very pleased and thank you all very much. I suppose you would like me to tell you a few things which are going on in France, but I am sorry I can not as they would stop this letter if I did. But you can be sure we will not stop until we have given the Germans what they have asked for. I am very pleased indeed, to see some of your 'Sammies' over here. I think they are a fine lot of boys, as we call them."

"While I was in the hospital in France I had very nice treatment indeed. You see the staff were U. S. A. doctors and nurses, and very good to us wounded 'Tommys.' I hope you will excuse this writing and pencil, as I am lying in bed on my back. You see, I can not sit up yet, and that I have only one arm which I can use, as my left arm was silly enough to get in the way of a piece of shell, which went right through and broke the bone. I also have two large wounds in my left leg, so you can guess how I have felt since I was wounded. I am very much better, thank you all very much for your kindness."

A postscript was added to the letter reading: "Cheer up and keep smiling till the boys come marching home again."

NORTH LEYDEN

North Leyden, Jan. 31.—Miss Minnie Hubbel and John Hubbel were Janesville shoppers last Wednesday. J. B. Farrington and family were callers at the B. Heffernan home last Thursday evening.

A number from here attended the play "Peg o' My Heart," given in Edgerton by the Catholic Knights. Willie Kealey and sisters, Teresa and Nora, were callers at B. Heffernan's Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Viney and family were visitors of Mr. and Mrs. T. Byrne Friday evening.

Nellie Gillespie spent the week end at J. B. Farrington's.

Lloyd Viney drove to Edgerton Sunday evening.

Sunday evening callers at E. Farrington's were: The Misses Stella and Esther Farrington, John Farrington and Earl Heffernan.

Mrs. S. Johnson was a shopper in Janesville Saturday.

Mr. E. Egges was a Janesville business caller Sunday.

John, Frank and Allen Farrington were in Edgerton Tuesday.

A company from North and South Leyden have begun a series of "Forty" games. The first was played at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Hemmings. South Leyden carried off the honors.

Frank Farrington and sister Esther were in Edgerton Wednesday.

Mrs. S. Johnson called on Mrs. Lloyd Viney Wednesday afternoon.

The following were callers at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Farrington Wednesday evening: Willie Kealey and sister Nora, Frank Farrington and sister Esther and Earl Heffernan. Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Viney were Janesville callers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Farrington took their children to Edgerton Thursday to have them vaccinated.

Miss Marjorie Heffernan has been home from her high school duties this week as a result of being vaccinated.

MAGNOLIA
Magnolia, Feb. 1.—Mrs. John Setzer went to Orfordville Wednesday to care for her daughter, Mrs. E. Burnett, who is on the sick list.

The farmers were unable to deliver their stock Thursday on account of shortage of cars at Evansville.

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Howard entertained Rev. Bird and family at supper Wednesday evening.

E. G. and John Setzer were Albany business callers Wednesday.

A miscellaneous shower is to be given at the hall tonight for Miss Mae Eastman, who is to be married to Wallace Thompson at the home of her parents Monday, Feb. 4th.

About twenty-five ladies put for work at the Red Cross rooms Wednesday and nearly all came in the forenoon and a nice lot of work was done.

Chas. Garry and Leonard Daily of South Dakota have been visiting relatives and friends here.

Mr. Tom Grady of South Dakota, who has been visiting relatives here, has returned home.

South Dakota meter registers 24 degrees below zero this morning.



A Baffling, New Mystery Story

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Famous Author of "Loot"

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CHICAGO SUNDAY TRIBUNE

MYSTERY! Baffling, entangling circumstances that hold you spellbound! This new novel, "RANSOM!", by Arthur Somers Roche, is one of the greatest mystery stories ever written—a tale of startling adventure, international intrigue, secret service operations—all for the love of a girl!

"RANSOM!" begins in tomorrow's Chicago Sunday Tribune. You'll find it in the enlarged color section. If you want to read a story of sensational exploits, of fashionable society, of romance—if you want to learn how the American Secret Service works to solve the most baffling mysteries—don't miss "RANSOM!"

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Brodhead News

The shortage of fuel, Peace Lodge No. 34, K. of P., has suspended its regular weekly meetings until further notice.

P. J. Fleck has moved his jewelry business from the Shorb hotel building into a room in the Bank of Brodhead building, between J. C. Berryman's music store and the Richardson & P. J. Fleck.

Robert Hooker is home from Rockford, where he has been attending business college. He has enlisted and leaves next Tuesday for Camp

Freddie Viscninski is up from Rockford for a few days.

E. P. Skinner is assisting in the capacity of clerk at the Washler Clothing store.

Nellie Lyons is numbered among the sick.

Lucius Smith of Belleville, is here on account of the death of his father, who died away suddenly on Thursday afternoon.

Damage done by fire to the residence occupied by Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Cramer and family a week ago, has been repaired and the building will soon be ready for occupancy.

Fred Viscninski visited in Juda today and returned.

About 12:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon Fred J. Smith visited the postoffice and as he was leaving was taken to fall. Assistance reached him in time and he was taken to the hospital.

Twenty-five years of age and leaves besides his widow a large family of sons and daughters.

Apply to Wed: William Moore and Winifred Lakin, both of Janesville, have applied for a marriage license.

Red Cross Work Room: The Red Cross work room for hospital supplies at the city hall will be closed on Monday afternoon, February 4, in order that the workers may attend the lecture by Mr. Grew, who was secretary to Mr. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany.

LARGE NUMBER OF MEN QUALIFY FOR MILITARY SERVICE

Thirty-Seven Men Pass Physical Examination for General Service While Seven Pass for Limited Service.

FRIDAY'S RECORD.
Number examined.....51
Qualified for general military service.....37
Disqualified.....7
Qualified for limited military service.....7

Out of fifty-one registrants examined yesterday by the physicians for military service, thirty-seven passed the tests for actual fighting service, while seven were held to be physically unfit to fight.

The cutting of the qualifications made yesterday is given as the cause for this remarkable showing of over two-thirds of the men qualifying for active service.

No more are men rejected on account of having cases of flat feet, having minor teeth troubles. If the same group of men examined yesterday had been examined last summer before the lines had been relaxed, probably not more than twenty-five would have passed.

Fifty more registrants have been ordered to report for examinations next Thursday as follows:

Janesville	Gardner, Geo. W.
Rockford	Royal, John
St. Louis	McGrane, Jas. Peter
St. Louis	Fischer, Louis
Lowry, Seth	
Brown, Charles	
Edgerton	Stricker, Chas. H. W.
Janesville	Ashcraft, Carl S.
Janesville	Preston, Clarence G.
Janesville	Reinhold, John
Janesville	Reinhold, John
Janesville	Schlichting, Emil C.
Milton	Manske, Max
Janesville	Hessian, John J.
Janesville	Heagren, Thomas C.
Janesville	Churchill, Harry
Janesville	Bumgarner, Frank
Janesville	Loosey, Edwin
Janesville	Miller, Roy A.
Janesville	Doherty, Philip J.
Janesville	Talbot, Harry E.
Milton	McGuire, Wm. M.
Evansville	Johnson, John C.
Edgerton	Cronin, John
Evansville	Blacker, J. Myrd
Evansville	Smith, Blyrd H.
Shawano	Messinger, Earl W.
Janesville	Connors, John P.
Janesville	Duman, Roger J.
Edgerton	Striegel, A. Rollin
Milton	Boerger, Wm.
Janesville	Koerst, Fred A.
Janesville	Schultz, Frank C.
Janesville	Griffin, Willie C.
Janesville	Plepkorn, Otto C.
Janesville	Clatworthy, Geo.
Janesville	Locust, Marion
Janesville	Sproul, Alfred
Janesville	Willson, Percy P.
Janesville	Douglas, Fenner
Janesville	Barry, Edw. J.
Janesville	Langer, Joseph R.
Milton	Yahn, Harold
Evansville	Johnson, Carl M.
Evansville	Scott, Roland Shield
Milton	Brockhaus, Wm. C.
Janesville	Bruckhaus, Jos. E.

ART LEAGUE PLANS A POTTERY EXHIBIT

Traveling Exhibit Owned by General Federation of Women's Clubs Will be the Basis of Show.

A pottery exhibit beginning on Feb. 19 was one of the plans discussed at the Art League social held at the Art League building last night.

A traveling exhibit owned by the general Federation of Women's Clubs will be the basis of the show.

Donations of such articles for use at the exhibit are requested by the committee consisting of Mesdames Pember, Woods, Edden, Ehringer and Miss McArthur.

A paper on the "Art of Pottery" was read by Mrs. Pember at yesterday's meeting, which described an exhibit of work done by some of the artists of France while in the trenches.

These are for sale and the Art League voted to purchase an inexpensive sketch of some kind for the permanent collection owned by the club.

The proceeds from the fund secured by this exhibit, will be used to help the sick and wounded soldiers of France.

Mrs. Pember, Mrs. Woods and Mrs. Pfeiffer were made a committee to secure one of the sketches. Two new members were voted into the club yesterday.

A delicious three-course luncheon was served at one o'clock, and the afternoon was spent in Red Cross work, and in listening to music.

About fifty members of the club were present. The next meeting will be next Friday, Feb. 8th.

DUNWIDDIE'S DRIBBLES MADE A SUDDEN SPURT FOR VICTORY IN VOLLEY TOURNAMENT

In a fast and furious volley ball game at the Y. M. C. A. Thursday night, Dunwiddie's Dringles stole a march on the U. S. Navy, the Hibernians, and the other teams.

Just how the maneuver was effected could not be ascertained, due to the strict censorship which envelops such strategic victories.

The game had been on the line of retreat during the past clashes in the tournament and their sudden shifting to three victories was a complete surprise to the U. S. Navy.

The standing of the teams on the percentage basis so far is, Dunwiddie, 44, and Hibernians, 55.

The thrillingly unexpected spurt on the part of Dunwiddie's Dringles had a sinking effect on the score of Hibernians' U. S. Navy.

MATRIMONIAL.

Pufahl-Thom. One of the loveliest weddings held in recent months was celebrated on Thursday night at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Pufahl, Magnolia road when their niece, Miss Hattie Pufahl became the bride of Frank Thom, a young farmer on the Madison road in the town of Janesville.

Reverend Treu of St. Paul's German Lutheran church read the marriage lines. The ceremony was attended by Richard Kargen and the bride by her sister, Miss Esther Pufahl. Following the ceremony a delicious luncheon was served followed by dancing until five o'clock.

The bride was in a handsome silk dress with silver net lace and the bridesmaid in pink. Mr. and Mrs. Thom will make their home on the farm of Mr. Thom's father who has retired.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Huebel spent Thursday in Chicago at the auto show.

Mrs. J. V. Schuster, who has been an operation for tonsillitis and adenoids, is now on the road to recovery.

Mrs. C. Egenbaum, sister of Mrs. W. H. Hixon, who has been visiting in her home in Harvey, Illinois.

H. M. Keating of the Simpson Garment Store has left for New York to spend the next ten days buying spring garments.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Wemple of the La Vista flats have returned after spending a week in Madison with their family.

Mrs. Taylor of Appleton, is the guest of her brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Grant, of 303 Cornelia street.

Mrs. J. B. MacLean has returned to this city from a Rockford and Chicago visit. She will spend some time at the home of the Misses MacLean in the city.

Dr. and Mrs. F. R. Littleman of Sinclair street have returned from a visit to the home of Mrs. Littleman in Chicago.

Dr. Willis, who was a recent visitor here, has gone to Fort Riley, Kansas, where he has enlisted in the medical corps.

Kemmerer and Oliver Gleason spent two days this week in Chicago on business.

A. A. Russell of the Peters state attended the automobile show in Chicago this week.

Miss Mabel Dunwiddie of South Bluff street, has gone to Chicago, where she will visit her mother for several days.

Mrs. A. F. Wood of Milton avenue, who is ill at Augustus hospital in Chicago, is reported as doing well.

W. S. Hedges of Madison, has returned after a visit of a week in town with relatives.

Chauncey Manley of the Peters state left this week for Grand Rapids to enter the officers' training camp at the cantonment at Grand Rapids.

L. J. Stair of Brodhead, has been spending a couple of days in this city. He has returned.

Mr. and Mrs. George Smith spent the first of the week in Evansville with friends. They went to attend a Knights of Pythias party.

G. H. Welthert of Watertown, has returned after a two days' visit in town with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bingham and R. M. Bostwick, who recently left Janesville for a Florida trip, were unfortunately broken into on the way down. Several valuable articles of clothing, jewelry and a gold chain and locket were taken.

Mrs. Robert Dailey of the Hotel Myers, is spending the day with friends in Madison.

Mrs. R. M. Bostwick and Miss Mae Bostwick of Court street, have gone to Bloxi, Miss., where they will remain until spring. They will be there during their winters there for several years.

Mrs. Harriet Smith and Miss Ruth Decker of Milton avenue, have returned from a Clinton visit.

E. J. White of Elkhorn, Wis., is spending the last of the week in this city.

Miss Cornelia Garrity of Milwaukee, is a guest for a few days at the home of Dr. and Mrs. G. B. Thuerer of 521 Monroe street.

Bradley Conrad of Pleasant street, is home from a Milwaukee visit of a few days.

George Shoals of Harmony, was transacting business in town on Friday.

J. Schaffner of Chicago, is spending the last of the week in this city with friends.

F. W. Strong of Waukesha, is a Janesville visitor in town today.

Andrew Brothlund of Darien spent the day on business in this city yesterday.

Mrs. Ella Murwin of Fulton was a Janesville visitor for a couple of days this week.

Raymond Paltter will come home from Camp Custer this evening to spend a few days with his parents on Pleasant street.

Several children, in spite of the cold weather, went to the library this morning to enjoy the story hour. Miss Buckmaster always has several stories to tell them, that they are interested in. When the warm days begin to come the attendance will be much larger.

A Red Cross card game was given on Thursday evening by Miss Isabelle Pfeiffer at her home on St. Lawrence avenue.

Miss Cora Clemens of Cornelia street was hostess this afternoon to the Philomathian club. The program for the evening consisted of a current magazine article, read by Mrs. H. Murdock; a reading, given by Mrs. F. H. Farnsworth, and a paper on Belgium was read by Mrs. A. J. Gibbons.

The Century Heart-club met at the home of Mrs. W. F. Doney on South Adams street on Thursday afternoon.

The ladies worked on the Red Cross work, and at the close of the afternoon Mrs. Doney served a tea.

The "Over the Top" club met for work last evening. A large quantity of work has been put out at the Lewis factory, through the kindness of the firm, and distributed to the different clubs in the city to work on.

Last evening this club worked on the jamas. The girls have discovered that it is a great satisfaction to work on well-out articles.

Four ladies, who belong to the Red Cross circle of parties, met this afternoon at the home of Miss Mary Mount on Court street.

The Doll Club sewing class met this morning at the domestic science room at the Lincoln building. The girls are still working on the little quilts for the Belgian children, and are learning to knit. The morning's work was under the supervision of Miss Grace Moul.

Mrs. S. M. Smith and Mrs. A. E. Matheson entertained twelve ladies at the Matheson home on St. Lawrence street, on Thursday afternoon.

One of the Red Cross parties given for the benefit of the wool department, a part of the ladies played cards, and others knitted. Coffee, fruit and cakes were served at five o'clock.

Mrs. J. B. Stevens of 466 North Pearl street entertained a Red Cross party of ladies at cards this afternoon.

The Twentieth Century Club will meet on Monday afternoon, Feb. 4th, at the home of Mrs. Stanley Tallman on Jackson street. A lecture and readings from original sources will be given by Prof. Wright of Beloit college. He will give "The Frogs or Aristophanes," and "The Fables and Merits of Euripides." The class will meet at three o'clock.

Beautiful booklets on Yellowstone Park and other scenic Western points for free distribution at Gazette Travel Bureau.

REGISTRATION FOR ALIEN ENEMIES TO BEGIN NEXT MONDAY

Chief of Police P. D. Champion Will Conduct Registration at His Office in Basement of City Hall.

Registration of all alien enemies in this city will begin at the office of Chief of Police Peter D. Champion, Monday morning at 8:00 a. m., according to the plan now made by the police department, following the rules set down by the United States department of justice.

The registration will be conducted by the police department, following the rules set down by the United States department of justice.

Under the regulations those who will be required to register are:

All natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of the German Empire or of the imperial German government residing in the city of Janesville, and upward who are within the United States and not actually naturalized as American citizens.

There will be no charge, except for the four-cent postage which the registrant must furnish.

The subjects of Austria-Hungary and women are not compelled to register, but those who have taken out only their first papers will have to enroll.

Former residents of Alsace-Lorraine born there after the German seizure in 1871 are regarded as enemy aliens, even though they are of French descent.

The department of justice called attention today to the fact that Germans living in a rural community, or a town of less than 5,000, not receiving mail from a larger city postoffice, are to be registered by the postmaster of that office, and not by the police of the larger city.

J. K. JENSEN HAS CHARGE OF STATE TO RAISE BIG FUND

Janesville Man Back From Lutheran Conference in Pittsburgh at Which All Branches of Church Were Present.

J. K. Jensen, of the English Lutheran church of this city, has returned from a national wide conference of delegates of Lutherans in the United States, held in Pittsburgh, at which it was decided to raise the sum of \$100,000 to employ forty Lutheran pastors to go to France and in the army cantonments in this country for war work among the soldiers.

This is the first general conference of the Lutherans in this country at which all the various branches were represented and the work was most enthusiastically carried out.

In the general allotment was \$64,000 and this money will be raised under the direction of Mr. Jensen in whose hands the work was placed.

Mr. Jensen will come to Milwaukee where he will open state campaign offices and arrange for a spirited campaign to raise Wisconsin's share of the money.

SIMILAR DECISION RENDERED IN 1915

Dane County Judge's Decision on Support of Parents the Same As That of Judge Field's Made in 1915.

That the decision made by County Judge A. G. Zimmerman of the Dane county court, compelling children to contribute to the support of their indigent parents, is not the first one of its kind to be made in Wisconsin, is proven by the records of the county court of this county.

In August of nineteen hundred fifteen an action of this nature was commenced in county court before County Judge Charles L. Field, and a judgment rendered compelling the children to contribute to the support of their indigent parents.

At that time the aged pair lived in Beloit and the petition to compel support was filed by George Seegmiller, the poor commissioner for the southern half of the county.

Attempts were made by the children to shift the responsibility to the state, but the court held that the children were the poor commissioner for the southern half of the county.

The final outcome of the case was a judgment by the court compelling the children to contribute to the support of their indigent parents.

Several of the children were married and had families and the sum required to be paid varied from seventy-five cents per week to over three dollars.

Even earlier than this case an action was started by Beloit parties under this statute but the matter was adjusted between the parties to the satisfaction of the court and the petition was dismissed.

HELD FOR OPERATING A CONFIDENCE GAME

Fred Muller, of Brodhead, Demands an Examination on Charge When Arraigned in Municipal Court.

Fred Muller, of Brodhead, is at the end of his rope and now Judge Maxfield plans to tie the knot so securely that he will not release himself very soon.

For the past few months Muller has been signing checks on the Green Bank at Brodhead with no funds to cover them on deposit and during the time his father has been footing the bills.

Yesterday however, Muller's father said that he was arrested for operating a confidence game on Oliver Grant by passing a check for \$15.

Muller was arraigned this morning before Judge Maxfield in the municipal court and demanded an examination on the charge. His case was set for February 7 and that time he will be kept in the city hall on default of furnishing \$500 bail.

Other Cases. Olie Knutson was given the opportunity of taking the pledge and abstaining from liquor for one year by the judge but decided that it was against his belief to do such a thing and wanted to be freed.

He had better climb on the water wagon immediately and stay there if you know what is the best thing for you to do. Knutson promised and was fined \$10 and costs or fifteen days.

William Wassang, of Whitewater, charged with drunkenness, was fined \$10 and costs or fifteen days.

PROCLAMATION FOR SPECIAL ELECTION EXPECTED TUESDAY

New Fuel Measures Expected to Be Taken by Government Affect Date for Calling of Election.

Mayor James A. Fithers has been forced to postpone the issuing of his proclamation calling for a special election to decide on what form of government shall control the city, due to the fact that the heatless Monday program which the government began some time ago may be abandoned.

The mayor had planned to call the election on Monday, February 26, because of the fact that that day would be very acceptable to the men of the city. His proclamation was prepared in the heat of the moment and if the heatless Mondays are abandoned his call will have to be changed.

The proclamation will be issued on Tuesday, it is certain, because of the time Administrator Garfield and Director General McAdoo will have made a decision as to what course will be followed. If the heatless Monday program is abandoned the election will undoubtedly be held on the following Tuesday.

MILK PRODUCERS OF ROCK COUNTY PROVE THEIR PATRIOTISM

Usual Amounts Delivered to Producers This Morning—Chicago Dealers Pinched Because of—Farmers Refuse to Ship.

Although milk producers of Northern Illinois boycotted the Chicago distributors today, refusing to deliver any milk, there was no such unrest shown in this vicinity today.

All farmers brought in their usual amounts this morning, thus showing that they do not intend to follow the stubborn action of their Illinois brothers.

A statement said to have been made by a high official of the milk producing committee in Chicago yesterday relative to lowering the price paid the producer caused an uproar among the farmers, when the news of a boycott was immediately spread.

They claim that even with the present price of \$3.22 per hundred they are dissatisfied and that they would rather feed to their hogs if they cannot get \$2.75.

Milk producers of Rock county seem to be of a different stamp than the Illinoisians who took such rash action, and are willing to abide by the decision of the local price fixing committee.

Secretary of the Rock County Milk Producers' Association, stated this morning that although no meeting had been called he was confident that the local price fixing committee would continue to bring in their normal amount of milk daily.

"We are governed by the Wisconsin commission," and we plan to live up to any rulings that may be made. A change of the price of \$3.22 will not doubt be made when the national commission now sitting at Chicago fixes the price. The price is set. I am sure the producers of Rock county will abide by it."

Although Key & Chappel's dairy received its usual consignment of milk this morning, Mr. Marsh found it impossible to ship the entire amount because of a shortage of cans.

NAME OF NORWEGIAN CHURCH IS CHANGED

Mrs. Carlson Is the Only Charter Member of the First Congregation Living.

The Norwegian Lutheran church is no more. In its place is the First Lutheran church of Janesville. This is the conclusion arrived at by the members of the congregation after giving the matter several weeks of discussion and finding that the name of First Lutheran church would be more appropriate.

The church was organized in the latter part of 1855 or early in 1856, and the first pastor to serve was the Rev. Adolf Preus.

The present church edifice was built in 1873 and the Rev. W. Johnson, now of Capon, Ill., was the first resident minister and at the same time serving the Rock county congregation at Durand, Ill.

The Rev. T. C. Thorsen, the present pastor, originally served the local church and the Rock Run church, but later he accepted the call of the local congregation to serve here exclusively.

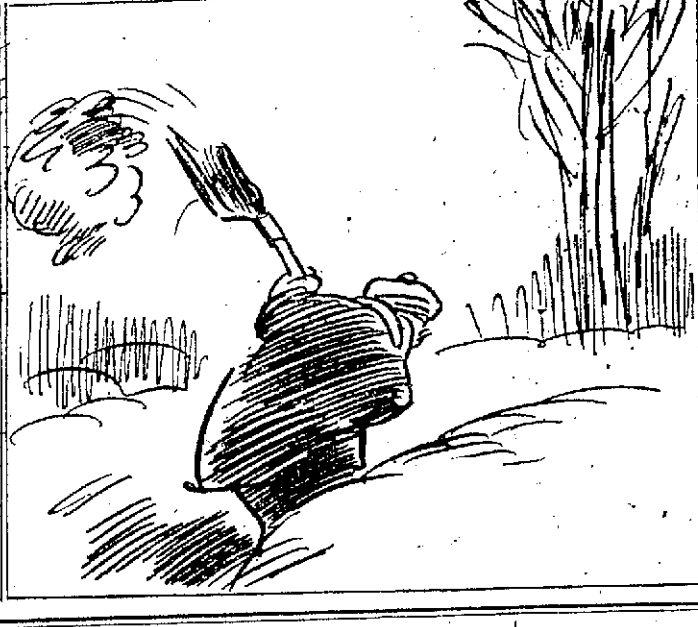
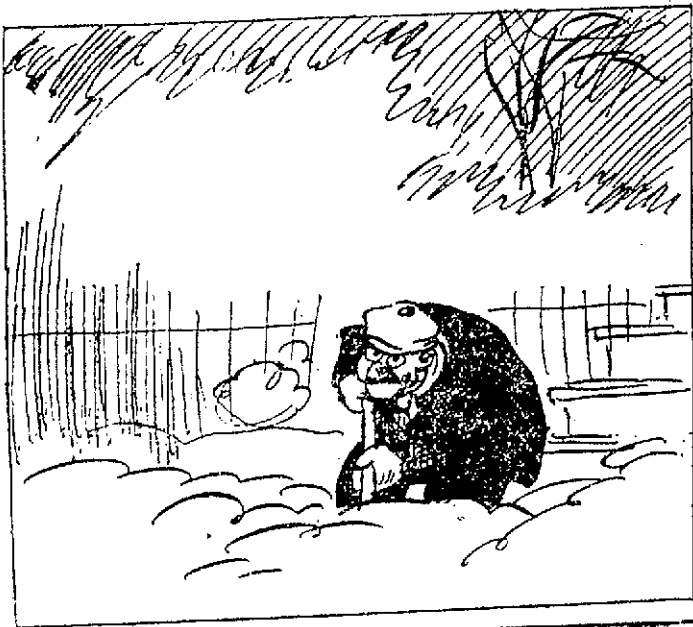
The following appear on the records as charter members: Nels Svege, Ole Pederson, Jacob Medboe, Magnus Pederson and wife, Stenstrom, Tronson, Christian, Hanson, Carl Pederson, Helle Carlson and wife, Jens Johnson and wife, Severin Jacobsen and wife, Carl Sivertsen, Ole Knutson and wife, Hans Olafsen, Bert Midboe, Ole Hal-Hanson and wife, Ingvald Larson, Hans Jacob Nielsen, Knute Olson, Ole Johannes Johnson, Andrew Johnson and Bert Johnson.

Of these charter members only one still lives, Mrs. Carlson, who is living with her daughter, Mrs. Keesey, 413 Lincoln street. Mrs. Carlson is 83 years old and has lived in this country 63 years.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Laura Smith Albright. The funeral of Mrs. Laura Smith Albright will be held Monday afternoon at two o'clock from the home and at two o'clock from the Footville church. Mrs. Albright died yesterday morning after a brief illness.

PETEY DINK—A POOR DAY TO GET UP AN APPETITE.



Long Live The King

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

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Without a word Karl held out papers and envelope to the other man, who took them. Then he turned to Nikky, and now he raised his voice. "Where did you get this book?" he demanded.

"At the cathedral, from the man Niburg."

"You lie!" said Karl. Then, for a moment, he left Nikky and turned on his companion in a fury. He let his royal rage burst on that unlucky individual while the agent stood, white and still. Not until it was over, and Karl, spent with passion, was pacing the floor, did Nikky venture a word.

"If this is not what your majesty expected," he said, "there is perhaps an explanation."

Karl wheeled on him. "Explanation?"

"The man Niburg was attacked, early last evening, by three men. They beat him badly, and attempted to rob him. His story to me, sire, I believe that they were after the letter, but that he had preserved it. It is, of course, a possibility that, while he lay stunned, they substituted another envelope for the one he carried."

Karl tore the envelope from the agent's hands and inspected it carefully.

Heal Skin Diseases

It is unnecessary for you to suffer with eczema, blotches, ringworm, rashes and similar skin troubles. A little Zemo, obtained at any drug store for 50c, or \$1.00 for extra large bottle, and promptly applied will usually give instant relief from itching, burning, and redness, and soothes the skin and heals quickly and effectively most skin diseases.

Zemo is a wonderful, penetrating, disinfecting liquid and is soothing to the most delicate skin. It is not greasy, is easily applied and costs little. Get it today and save all further distress.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

GRANDMOTHER KNEW

There Was Nothing So Good for Congestion and Colds as Mustard

But the old-fashioned mustard-plaster burned and blistered while it acted. Get the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister. Musterole does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, so that it works wonders, and yet does not blister the tenderest skin.

Gently massage Musterole in with the finger-tips. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears. Use Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bites, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



A JAMESVILLE MAN GIVES EVIDENCE

His Testimony Will Interest Every Jamesville Reader.

The value of local evidence is indisputable. It is the kind of evidence we accept as true because we know we can prove it for ourselves. There have been plenty of such evidence in the Jamesville papers lately, and this straightforward testimony has established a confidence in the minds of Jamesville people that will not be easily shaken.

S. E. Moore, carpenter, 615 Park Ave., Jamesville, says: "I think the straining and stooping I did in my work is responsible for my kidneys getting out of order. I had pains through the small of my back and when I stooped over, I could hardly get up again. Doan's Kidney Pills quickly stopped the pain in my back and my kidneys again did their work as they should."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply take for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Moore had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

fully. Evidently, as with the agent, the story started a new train of thought. Nikky drew a long breath. After all, there was still hope that the early morning shooting would have another target than himself.

Karl set down, and his face relaxed. It was stern, but no longer horrible. "Tell me this Niburg's story," he commanded.

"He was walking through the old city," Nikky commenced, "when three men fell on him. One, a large one, knocked him insensible and then went through his pockets. The others—"

"Strange!" said Karl. "If he was insensible, how does he know all this?"

"It was his story, sire," Nikky explained. But he colored. "A companion, who was with him, ran away."

"This companion," Karl queried. "A dark, heavy fellow, was it?"

"No. Rather a pale man, blond."

Nikky checked himself. "So," he said, "while Niburg was unconscious the large man took the letter, which was sealed, magically opened it, extracted its contents, replaced them with—this, and then sealed it again."

"The king turned without haste to a drawer in his desk, and opened it. He was smiling. When he faced about again, Nikky saw that he held a revolver in his hand. Save that the agent had taken a step forward, nothing in the room had changed. And yet, for Nikky everything had changed."

Nikky had been a reckless fool, but he was brave enough. He smiled, a better smile than Karl's twisted one.

"I have a fancy," said King Karl. "To manage this matter for myself. Keep back, Kaiser. Now, my friend, you will give me the packet of cigarette papers you carry."

Resistance would do no good. Nikky brought them out, and Karl's twisted smile grew broader as he compared them with the ones the envelope had contained.

"You see," he said, "you show the hand of the novice. You should have



"You Show the Hand of the Novice."

thrown these away. But, of course, all your methods are wrong. Why, for instance, have you come here at all? You have my man—but that I shall take up later. We will first have the letter."

But here Nikky stood firm. Let them find the letter. He would not help them. But again he cursed himself. There had been a thousand hiding places along the road—but he must bring the incriminating thing with him, and thus condemn himself!

Now commenced a curious scene, curious because one of the actors was Karl of Karnia himself. He seemed curiously loath to bring in assistance, did Karl. Or perhaps the novelty of the affair appealed to him. And Nikky's resistance to search, with that revolver so close, was short lived.

Even while he was struggling, Nikky was smiling. Let them get the letter, if they must. Things would at least be no worse than before. But he resolved that no violence would tear from him the place where the messenger was hidden. Until they had got that, he had a chance for life.

They searched his cap last. Nikky, panting after that strange struggle, saw Kaiser take it from the lining of his cap, and pass it to the king.

Karl took it. The smile was gone now, and something ugly and terrible had taken its place. But that, too, faded as he looked at the letter. It was a blank piece of note paper.

and each year, as his bodily weakness increased, he found it harder to do so. On other years he had had the crown prince with him as much as possible on this dreary day of days. But the crown prince was exiled, in disgrace. Not even for the comfort of his small presence could stern discipline be relaxed.

Annuncata was not much comfort to him. They had always differed, more or less, the truth being, perhaps, that she was too much like the king ever to sympathize fully with him. Both were arrogant, determined, obstinate. And those qualities, which age was beginning to soften in the king, were now, in Annuncata, in full strength and bloom.

But there was more than fundamental similarity at fault. Against her father the archduchess held her unhappy marriage.

And now, secretly willing that Hedwig should marry Karl, she was ready to annoy him by objecting to it.

On the day after her conversation with General Matrich, she visited the king. It was afternoon. The king had spent the morning in his study, propped with pillows as was always the case now, working with a secretary. The secretary was gone when she entered, and he sat alone.

He had passed a trying day. Once having broken down the chancellor's barrier of silence, the king had insisted on full knowledge, with the result that he had sat, aghast, amid the ruins of his former complacency. The country and the smaller cities were comparatively quiet, so far as demonstrations against the government were concerned. But unquestionably they plotted. As for the capital, it was a seething riot of sedition, from the reports. A copy of a newspaper, secretly printed and more secretly circulated, had brought fire to the king's eyes. It lay on his knees as his daughter entered.

"Well, father," she said, looking down at him, "how do you feel?"

"Sit down," he said. The question as to his health was too perfunctory to require reply.

Annuncata sat, with a jingling of chains. She chose a straight chair, and faced him, very erect.

"How old is Hedwig?" demanded the king.

"Nineteen."

"Hedwig is old enough to marry. Her grandmother was not nineteen when I married her."

"It would be better," said Annuncata, "to marry her while she is young, before she knows any better."

"Any better than what?" inquired the king testily.

"Any better than to marry at all."

The king eyed her. She was not, then, even attempting to hide her claws. But he was an old bird, and not to be caught in an argumentative cage.

"There are several possibilities for Hedwig," he said. "I have gone into the matter pretty thoroughly. As you know, I have had this on my mind for some time. It is necessary to arrange things before I go."

The king, of course, was neither asking nor expecting sympathy from her, but mentally, and somewhat grimly, he compared her unmoved face with that of his old friend and chancellor, only a few nights before.

"It is a regrettable fact," he went on, "that I must leave, as I shall, a sadly troubled country. But for that—"

he paused. But for that, he meant, he would gladly go. He needed rest. His spirit, still so alive, chafed daily more and more against its worn body.

He believed in another life, did the old king. He wanted the hearty handshake of his boy again. Even the wife who had married him against her will had grown close to him in later years. He needed her too. A little rest, then, and after that a new life, with those who had gone ahead.

"A sadly troubled country," he repeated.

Read the Want Ads.

peated. "All countries are troubled. We are no worse than others."

"Perhaps not. But things are changing. The old order is changing. The spirit of unrest—I shall not live to see it. You may, Annuncata. But the day is coming when all thrones will totter. Like this one."

Now at last he had pierced her armor. "Like this one!"

"That is what I said. Rouse yourself, Annuncata. Leave that little boudoir of yours, with its accursed clocks and its heat and its flub-dubbery, and see what is about you! Discontent! Revolution! We are hardly safe from day to day. Do you think that what happened nine years ago was a flash that died as it came? Nonsense. Read this!"

He held out the paper and she put on her prince-mex and read its headings, a trifle disdainfully. But the next moment she rose, and stood in front of him, almost as pale as he was. "You allow this sort of thing to be published?"

"No. But it is published."

"And they dare to say things like this? Why, it—it is—"

"Exactly. It is undoubtedly. He was very calm. "I would not have troubled you with it. But the situation is bad. We are rather helpless."

"Not—the army, too?"

"What can we tell? These things spread like fire. Nothing may happen for years. On the other hand, tomorrow—"

The archduchess was terrified. She had known that there was dissatisfaction about. She knew that in the last few years precautions at the palace had been increased. Sentries were doubled. Men in the uniforms of lackeys, but doing no labor, were everywhere. But with time and safety she had felt secure.

"Of course," the king resumed, "things are not as bad as that paper indicates. It is the voice of the few, rather than the many. Still, it is a voice."

Annuncata looked more than her age now. She glanced around the room as though, already, she heard the mob at the doors.

"To return to the matter of Hedwig's marriage," said the king. "I—"

"Marriage! When our very lives are threatened?"

"I would be greatly honored," said the king, "if I might be permitted to finish what I was saying."

She had the grace to flush.

"Under the circumstances," the king resumed, "Hedwig's marriage takes on great significance—great political significance."

For a half-hour then, he talked to her. More than for years, he unbosomed himself. He had tried. His ministers had tried. Taxes had been lightened; the representation of the people increased, until, as he said, he was only nominally a ruler. But discontent remained. Some who had gone to America and returned with savings enough to set themselves up in business, had brought back with them the American idea.

Annuncata listened to the end. She felt no pity for those who would better themselves by discontent and its product, revolt. She felt only resentment, that her peace was being threatened, her position assailed. And in her resentment she included the king himself. He should have done better.

And something of this she did not hesitate to say. "Karnia is quiet enough," she finished, a final thrust.

"Karnia is better off. A lowland, most of it, and fertile. But a spot of color showed in his old cheeks. "I am glad you spoke of Karnia. Whatever plans we make, Karnia must be considered."

"Why? Karnia does not consider us."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Read the Want Ads.

LIMA

Lima, Jan. 31.—Mrs. W. L. Scofield is on the sick list, also Mrs. John Collins.

C. D. Brown has bought the premises now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Dixon and will take possession March 1st. He will rent the farm.

Mrs. Richmond entertained the circle on Wednesday afternoon. A car load of hard coal was unloaded in Lima on Wednesday, the first since June last.

The Aid Society held an all-day

meeting with Mrs. Fred Woodstock on Thursday. A picnic dinner was served at noon.

The Red Cross meeting was with Mrs. Anderson on Tuesday afternoon. Eighteen ladies were present. Five suits of pajamas were made besides several napkins, washcloths, etc. The next meeting will be on Feb. 6th with Mrs. W. E. Boyd.

Miss Gladys Rutter of Jamesville was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Millard Sunday and Monday.

Harry Reese went to Jamesville Thursday for the physical examination.

Mrs. Fred Gould, who is 82 years old, is doing her bit in knitting for the Red Cross. Since September 1st she has knit fifteen pair of socks and eight pair of wristlets. She goes to the work without the aid of glasses.

W. D. McComb, with a big grip, left town Wednesday on the 3:03 train. We don't know where he went, but hope he will return soon.

Bargains in almost every line are to be found daily in the classified columns.

Read Brandon's Truth Tales of the Great War

Gerald Brandon, an American who served in the foreign legion of the French army for a year and a half, has written for the Daily Gazette a series of Truth Tales of the Great War--the human interest, tragedies, comedies, romances which find no place in the colorless official dispatches.

Brandon has a record as a fighter and a soldier of fortune second to none. He has seen much and he has a facile pen. With the foreign legion there has been little indeed of the commonplace for the attitude of France has been:

"If men volunteer to fight, they should be permitted to see all the fighting possible."

And the legion has seen all the fighting possible.

Brandon, before the war, was a newspaper and magazine writer.

"The Human Meteorite"

is the first of Brandon's Truth Tales. An ace of the flying corps, lashed to his machine by a German who has made him captive, faces the choice of being shot or driving the boche over the ally lines. The ace does neither and the tale is one that grips. Read it in The Daily Gazette. Three of Brandon's Truth Tales of the Great War will be printed each week in

The Daily Gazette

ECZEMA CAN BE CURED Free Proof To You

All I want is your name and address so I can send you a free trial treatment. I want you to try this treatment—that's all—just try it.

I've been in the drug business in Fort Wayne for 20 years, nearly everyone knows me and I've cured many cases of Eczema. Over six thousand five hundred people outside of Fort Wayne have, according to their own statements, been cured by this treatment since I first made this offer public.

From Eczema, Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter—never mind how bad—my treatment has cured the worst cases I ever saw—give me a chance to prove my claim.

Send me your name and address on the coupon below and get the trial treatment I want to send you FREE. The wonders accomplished in your own case will be proof.

CUT AND MAIL TODAY

J. C. HUTZELL, Druggist, 2571 West Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Please send without cost or obligation to me your Free Proof Treatment.

Name _____ Age _____

Post office _____ State _____

Street and No. _____



J. C. HUTZELL, R. F. DRUGGIST

JANESVILLE'S ENTERPRISING SHOPS

Stupp's Cash Market

(Square Deal)

Where you can always hitch your \$ to the largest load it ever drew.

210 Milwaukee St.

Gasoline Engines Expert

OVERHAULING & REPAIRING

L. C. HELLER
65 S. River St.

Supplies

—For—

HomeBuyers

Bicknell Mfg. & Supply Company
Janesville. Beloit

You'll want some candy for Monday afternoon or evening. Buy it tomorrow or Monday morning, because we close

MONDAY NOON.

Lunches served till 1:00.

Razook's

House of Purity.

Imperial Gasoline

W. M. LAWTON
103 N. Main St.

We get 62 test gasoline direct from the refinery, guaranteeing a uniform product.

Bower City's Best BUILDER



E.E. VanPool

17 N. River St.
Both Phones.
Janesville, Wis.

Beautiful Jewelry
An unusually complete stock to select from. You can find what you want here.
GEO. E. FATZINGER
Jeweler
9 So. Franklin St. Next to the P.O.

THE OPTICAL SHOP
EVERYTHING OPTICAL
60 SOUTH MAIN ST.
NEXT TO THE CARNEGIE LIBRARY
ESTABLISHED 1895
WE FIT THE EYES ACCURATELY
JANESVILLE, WIS.

Watch This Space
Each time it is published we will print a Special Bargain in this space.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO LOOK FOR IT.

FRANK D. KIMBALL

Goodrich & Savage

TIRES AND TUBES.
Automobile Accessories of all kinds.
VULCANIZING A SPECIALTY.
JANESVILLE VULCANIZING CO.
103 N. Main St.
G. F. LUDDEN, Prop.

Pure Milk Company's Plant Is a Credit To This City

A Modern Plant for Supplying the City of Janesville With Pure Milk and Cream and Other Dairy Products—Open to the Public at Any Time—Absolutely Sanitary.

A trip through the plant of the Janesville Pure Milk Company, located at No. 22 N. Bluff street, reveals a number of very interesting sights in connection with how a city's milk supply is handled, how it is kept clean, how it is received and delivered. One cannot help but marvel after the trip has been made, at the wonderful strides that have been made in the cleanly methods of handling milk during the last few years.

The milk as it comes from the dairy farms in the vicinity of Janesville is taken from the sealed containers and put through a pasteurizing machine which heats the milk to a temperature of 160 degrees which eliminates any impurity that might be in the milk, to further purify the milk it is then strained through a fine grade of absorbent cotton. The bottles in which the milk is delivered are all sterilized by live steam, in a special machine, before they are filled with the pasteurized milk. The bottle filling machine is a wonder of mechanical intricacy. Each bottle is sealed with a sanitary cap so as to exclude air.

The State Law of Wisconsin compels milk companies to sell only milk which tests at least three per cent butter fat, because if the percentage falls below that standard it is considered as not being good milk. The Janesville Pure Milk Company's product always tests three and eight-tenths per cent butter fat, being eight-tenths per cent over the test required by law. Many, in fact most milk producers, barely stay within the letter of the law on the required butter fat test. So this makes the Janesville Pure Milk Company's Perfectly Pasteurized Milk much richer in food value than the average milk on the market.

To handle the output of this company daily it requires ten men and six wagons. A perfect delivery system is maintained so that each housewife who patronizes this progressive firm is assured of a daily milk supply no matter what the weather conditions may be and to have the milk delivered sufficiently early in the day to have it in time for breakfast.

Recently the State of Illinois passed a law prohibiting the import into that state of any milk which had not previously been pasteurized. This is mentioned merely to demonstrate the value placed on pasteurization by the great commonwealth of Illinois.

Two noted authorities are quoted regarding milk to show the food value; and their statements may be applied literally to J. P. M. C. Perfectly Pasteurized Milk.

Milk Is Nourishing.
Milk that has been pasteurized contains all the ingredients for nourishment in just the right proportion of a well-balanced ration. It builds up the body, keeps it in repair, warms, furnishes it with energy; contains all the required elements for growth and maintenance. Milk is an essential part of food. It gratifies the palate, satisfies thirst and hunger and produces no untoward effects.

One quart of Perfectly Pasteurized Milk, according to Prof. Rosenau of Harvard University, is equal in food value to any one of the following: 8 eggs; 3 pounds of fresh codfish; 2 pounds of salt codfish; 4 pound of lean round beef; 4-5 pound of pork chops.

Milk is Cheap.
"Taking into consideration the many important factors which increase the value of Perfectly Pasteurized Milk as a food, and also the fact that it requires no preparation and

has no waste, it is believed to be true economy to make liberal use of milk in the diet so long as milk does not cost more than twice as much in proportion to the energy it furnishes to the average of the food eaten.

Those who are able to spend 26c or 30c per person per day for food are practicing true economy when they buy and use liberally the best milk obtainable even at a higher price than ordinary milk," says Prof. Sherman of Columbia University. J. P. M. C. Perfectly Pasteurized Milk is sold at the same price as other milk, but it is better because it tests more in actual butter fat.

Hundreds of families in Janesville are numbered on the books of this company, and these families who have no other milk but the Pure Milk Company's Perfectly Pasteurized product. Many of these good people have been taking milk from the Pure Milk Company from the day this firm started in Janesville, some fourteen years ago. Believing that the public at large are interested in how the milk they use daily is produced and handled by the pasteurizing process the Janesville Pure Milk Company have issued a standing invitation to any to call at any time and inspect the plant and the methods employed.

To know that one's milk supply is handled in the most approved manner is worth considerable in the peace of mind gained. And this peace of mind is always yours if you are a customer of the Janesville Pure Milk Company.

The price of this milk is regulated by the Milk Producer's Ass'n., and is always worth all it costs, because it is always better than any other milk offered in this community. Actual test of the milk proves this.

The present price of J. P. M. C. Perfectly Pasteurized Milk is 10c per quart, delivered to your home.

The Electric Shop

We do electrical contract work. We also specialize on Dynamo and Motor Repair work. We charge batteries, repair and properly care for them.

F. A. Albrecht

OUR SHOP IS FULL OF THINGS ELECTRICAL.
112 E. Milw. St. Both Phones.

Valve-in-Head Principle Crowned With Success

Years of adherence to a fundamental principle has associated the name Buick with valve-in-head motor, and all that it implies in Power, Efficiency, Flexibility and Economy. Every new idea that enhances beauty, comfort or convenience has been added from time to time.

JAS. A. DRUMMOND

Buick Dealer.
221-223 E. Milwaukee St.
Both Phones.

When you think of bicycles think of BALLENTINE

Is that bike in condition for the first good day?

We are in a position to do your repair work in scheduled time.

Try us once and you will always come here.

WM. BALLENTINE
122 Corn Exchange.

Savings Bank Store

EDW. P. DILLON 25 S. River St.
OUT OF THE HIGH RENT DISTRICT

We sell better Mags. for less money. Not only we say so, but our customers all say so. Get our prices on shoes, clothing and wearables before buying elsewhere.

VERY SPECIAL

Choice of \$10.00 Men's Mackinaws for \$5.68.
\$7.50 Men's brown shoes on sale at \$4.98 per pair.

Carspring Tires

5000 Mile Guarantee —at— 3500 Mile Price. Buy your tires for spring now and save money. Don't forget to have that OVERHAULING job done soon.

Service Garage

416 W. Milw. St. Both Phones.
Claude Fredendall, Prop.

Ford Clothes For You Men



If your child has defective vision and has been so informed by the visiting nurse at the public schools bring the child and card to the optometrist who will tell you if glasses are required.

JOS. H. SCHOLLER

Optometrist.
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